

## Explanations of the Smart City Architecture Graph

The development concept of a Smart City provides for different levels that are interwoven with each other. The overriding goals are quality of life, attractiveness, resource efficiency and trust. Three subordinate levels are differentiated:

### Physical level

The physical level includes the infrastructure required to provide the services, such as IT infrastructure, pipeline networks, communication infrastructure, transport networks and buildings.

### Digital level

The digital level is the connecting link between the physical and the service level and uses the various information and communication technologies that can be used for networking.

### Service level

Different services and networked, modern services are possible in the most diverse fields of action. One example is Smart Parking, which in the area of mobility can quickly guide car drivers looking for a parking space to the right place without the need for search traffic by networking sensors in parking spaces and apps.

A process level is also outlined. It maps the implementation and ensures that the activities are coordinated and carried out with the necessary partners.